## Introduction

The term 'Community Engagement' is often used to describe activities that look to involve community members in decision-making, and the design and sometimes the delivery of services and facilities.

Aberdeenshire Council, in partnership with the Aberdeenshire Community Planning Partnership and Aberdeenshire Health & Social Care Partnership, would like to find out how they can involve you in decisions and services.

We are asking for your help to shape the way we work together to create a vision for the future which continues to strengthen your involvement in local decisions-making.

At the moment we are looking for information you feel should be included in a new strategy which will focus on how we work together. Views are being sought from community groups, third sector organisations, and employees from across Aberdeenshire.

Information you share with us will help us prepare a draft version of the strategy which will be shared with you later in the year. We will then hold further talks with groups/organisations about the feedback received before going through the council's formal approval process.

There are National Standards for Community Engagement which are good-practice principles designed to support and inform community engagement taking place, and improve what happens as a result. These standards have been recently updated and it is proposed to include the standards in the revised Community Engagement Strategy

1. Which town in Aberdeenshire do you live nearest too?
2. Have you heard of the National Standards from Community Engagement?
Yes
○ No
3. Are you aware of Aberdeenshire Council's existing Community Engagement Strategy?
Yes
○ No

4. Can you give us an example of a time you have engaged with the council or community health						
services or the Community Planning Partnership (more information about members of the partnership is						
available <a href="here">here</a> ) to inform decision making and the experience was positive? (this could include budget						
engagement or engagement about local sports and leisure provision for example)						
5.141 11. 6.141 1. 1. 1.0						
5. Why did you feel this worked well?						
6. What difference did this make to you?						
	1					

7. Can you give us an example of a time you have engaged with the council or services or Community Planning Partnership (more information about partners available <a href="here">here</a> ) to inform decision making and the experience was less positive	ship organisations is
8. Why do you feel this way?	
9. What could have been done to make it a better experience for you?	
, ,	

11. The Community Er	mpowerment Scotland Act 20	15 came into effect last year.	Are you aware of the
scope of the Communi	ity Empowerment Act and ho	w it can be used by communi	ties/what the
implications are for con	mmunities?		
	years the council has piloted d how do you feel this approa	a number of <u>Participatory Bud</u> ach has worked?	geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If
			geting exercises – If

13. There are lots of different 'levels' of Community Engagement and Participation, which can be set out in the Participation Chain below. The Chain represents a spectrum of activities, as opposed to a hierarchy and services should consider what type of activity is most appropriate to achieve their objectives.

**Keeping Informed**: Keeping informed means sharing information with communities to help the public understand the issues. This could be done through brochures, newsletters and letters.

**Asking for Views** (Consultation): Obtaining public feedback to inform decision making, for example through Open Days, Focus Groups or Surveys. Services listen to the concerns of communities and provide feedback on how their input influence decision making.

**Deciding Together** (Involving): Services work directly with the public, to ensure the public's concerns and issues are addressed. This means involving service users in service design and delivery, for example through User Panels.

**Acting Together** (Collaborating): This is where communities and services work in partnership to make decisions. The public provide advice and innovation and this is incorporated into service design and delivery to the fullest extent. E.g. through Community Needs Analysis.

**Enabling independent community initiatives**: This is the highest level of community participation and engagement, which is known as 'Community Empowerment'. The final decision making power is placed in the hands of communities.

Are there any other descriptions you would like to be considered and why?				

14. We realise at times engagement is not co-ordinated across Aberdeenshire. We are considering
developing an open access (to partners and public) searchable database where people can access
information about engagement activity taking place where they live. Would you want to access
information on activity that has taken place, are taking place and/or about to take place?
15. What are the top three things we can do to improve our working relationship with local communities
that will allow us to work together through engagement activity and consider how services are delivered
in the future?
16. Any other comments?